

# **S4D4C Training Material for Workshops** on Science Diplomacy

## Negotiation Skills - Video Exercise

Background	This training material is an output of the project S4D4C – Using science for/in diplomacy for addressing global challenges ( <a href="www.s4d4c.eu">www.s4d4c.eu</a> ). S4D4C has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 770342.
	The project S4D4C selected and developed training materials (presentations, methods, exercises, games, etc.) for trainings on Science Diplomacy for different target groups (mainly diplomats, scientists and science diplomats). These materials are open source under creative commons licences (see below for the applicable license).
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Short description	This exercise leads to the introduction of the topic "Negotiation Skills". Before starting with concrete instructions about how to negotiate we recommend you to have a warming-up session. This session is an interactive element in your training: The participants should exchange their experiences and create their own Do's and Don'ts. The outcome of this exercise will be easily remembered and offers a good transition to the main teaching part (see presentation on "Negotiation Skills").



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Learning objectives	The aim of this exercise is
Material type	<ul> <li>□ presentation</li> <li>□ method</li> <li>□ simulation game</li> <li>☑ exercise</li> <li>□ other:</li> </ul>
Overall content category (if adequate and applicable)	<ul> <li>What is Science Diplomacy?</li> <li>Who are the Science Diplomacy stakeholders?</li> <li>How does the European Union practice Science Diplomacy?</li> <li>Which thematic and regional approaches of Science Diplomacy do exist?</li> <li>What set of skills do I need to be a good science diplomat?</li> <li>Which are good examples where Science Diplomacy has proven to be successful?</li> </ul>
Target groups (1)	<ul><li></li></ul>
Target groups (2)	<ul> <li>✓ Mainly for beginners in Science Diplomacy</li> <li>✓ Mainly for trainees with basic understanding of Science</li> <li>Diplomacy</li> <li>✓ Mainly for advanced science diplomats</li> <li>✓ For any of the groups</li> </ul>
Group size	☐ For individual learners ☐ For small groups (up to 20) ☐ For large groups (between 20 and 100) ☐ For any group size
Duration	You will need approximately 30 minutes for carrying out this exercise.  I. Phase (2-3 minutes): Please start the exercise with the question: Which picture do we have in mind, when we are talking about negotiations? (see slide 2-5, 2 minutes each) Initiate a short discussion by asking the audience for their opinion, e.g.  - Picture "handshake" (slide 2): a traditional that we have in mind when talking about negotiations, presupposing that through negotiation we do normally reach an agreement  - Picture "giraffe" (slide 3): exchange among partners is essential; but sometimes, even if we are similar and at the same level, a joint strategy can hardly be elaborated  - Picture "doors" (slide 4): in negotiations, each party has a favourite solution, but everyone should be prepared to make a compromise if needed

	- Picture "rails" (slide 5): there are different ways to reach
	joint decisions, and very often there are no shortcuts <b>Phase II</b> (15 minutes):
	The video exercise:
	- Step 1: Please divide the participants in four groups: tell them to count 1,2,3,4,1,2; all 1s are in the group of the diplomat from the US; all 2s are in the group of the diplomat from Russia, the groups 3 and 4 will have particular tasks
	- Step 2: Please explain the exercise and the tasks (app. 2 minutes, see slides 6-7), now show them the video from a movie called "Thirteen Days":  https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3cThXPi2fMc (go to 4'17" and show until 5'47); you may have to give some information on content, if necessary: During the Cuban Missile Crisis (1962), the Soviet Union stationed missiles in Cuba. The US government insisted on the immediate removal of the missile bases. In return, it was considered to make the US missile base in Turkey a subject of the negotiations.  The participants will analyse this video taking into consideration the attitude, the activities and the reactions of the two diplomats, as well their obvious and the eventually missing negotiation skills  Step 3: 10 minutes for preparation of answers: The participants should write all their observations and ideas on post-its and nominate a representative of each group  Step 4: 2 minutes presentation of each of the 4 groups  Please play the video loudly; if needed, please repeat (ca. 1 minute)  Phase III (app. 10 minutes): Each group presents the outcome of their discussion
Level of interactivity	
Preparation and material needed	For the implementation of this exercise, you will need one big conference room or 2-3 small rooms for the 4 working groups. Please make sure that the working groups have enough space for their interaction.
	Furthermore, a sound system as well as WIFI should be available in the main room for the presentation of the YouTube-Video.
	Please prepare flipcharts or post-its and enough pens. We recommend using a stop-watch to stay on time.
Recommended use case and guidance for the trainer	As described above this activity serves as an introduction to the topic "negotiation". Please keep in mind that this is not a training session, rather an interactive "ice breaker" to be followed by a negotiation exercise.

Further resources and links  Evaluation and assessment	<ul> <li>Using Negotiation Games to Develop Skills for Commercial Dispute Resolution:         <ul> <li>https://www.pon.harvard.edu/daily/teaching-negotiation-daily/how-negotiation-games-can-help-you-develop-skills-to-resolve-business-and-commercial-disputes/</li> </ul> </li> <li>The Two Dollars Game: <a href="https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/sloan-school-of-management/15-667-negotiation-and-conflict-management-spring-2001/lecture-notes/about_game.pdf">https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/sloan-school-of-management/15-667-negotiation-and-conflict-management-spring-2001/lecture-notes/about_game.pdf</a></li> <li>Due to the warming-up character of this exercise there is no need to evaluate</li> </ul>
	There are a plenty of negotiation games and exercises which could be used in SD training workshops, e.g.
	missing.  The challenge for the moderator/trainer is to provide historical context to the situation, take into consideration the outcome of the discussion and make a connection to the teaching part.
	Within a training on "Science Diplomacy" a theoretical teaching should follow after that. Otherwise, the linkage to the exercise is

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